# GrADS reference card version 1.7

(GrADS Version 1.7 beta 7) compiled by Karin Meier-Fleischer, DKRZ (beratung@dkrz.de)

# GrADS program executables

grads	link to one of the following executables
gradsnc	grads with netCDF enabled
gradshdf	grads with HDF enabled
gradsc	grads "classic", without netCDF/HDF/Athena GUI, etc.

# **Command line options**

Program: grads [-lbpC] [-c 'command']		
	-c 'command'	execute 'command' when starting GrADS
	-b	run grads in batch mode. No graphics output window is opened.
	-1	run grads in landscape mode. The orientation question is not asked.
	-р	run grads in portrait mode. The orientation question is not asked.
	-C	enable automatic setting of century for years < 100

## General settings

, ,	
help	gives a summary list of operations
set grads on   off	enable/disable display of the GrADS logo
set display <option< td=""><td>n <color>&gt;</color></td></option<>	n <color>&gt;</color>
1 0 1	sets the mode of the display. options are:
grey greyscale	sets the mode to greyscale.
color <black white></black white>	shading and contouring is done with rainbow colors. Default.
set frame <option< td=""><td>&gt;</td></option<>	>
	control the frame on a plot. options are:
on	plots a rectangular frame around clipped region
off	plots no frame
circle	plots a rectangular frame for lat-lon projections, plots a circular frame for a polar plot at the outermost latitude.Whole hemisphere plots only.
set background ic	set background color to color or color index ic
display expression d expression	display data via the graphics output window; the simplest expression is a variable abbreviation
open filename	open descriptor file
sdfopen file.nc <ter< td=""><td>nplate #timesteps&gt;</td></ter<>	nplate #timesteps>
	opens a netCDF or HDF-SDS format file that conforms to the COARDS conventions. The optional arguments are for string a time- series of files together as one GrADS data object.
xdfopen file	opens a non-COARDS-conformant netCDF or HDF-SDS file via a data descriptor file similar to those used with the 'open' command.
close file#	close the last descriptor file opened.
set dfile number	change to descriptor file number for current file
define var=expr var=expr	create new variable, which then can be used in subsequent expressions
undefine var	free the resources used by the defined variable
modify varname <1	ime type>
inoung furname a	define variable, which is climatological varname is the defined grid
	Time types are:
seasonal	monthly or multi-monthly means
diurnal	over some time period less than a day
query <option> q <option></option></option>	query options are:
config	list GrADS configuration information
files	lists open files
file n	gives info on particular file
define	lists currently defined variables
dims	gives current dimension environment
gxinfo	gives graphics environment info
shades	gives colors and levels of shaded contours
DOS	waits for mouse click, returns the position
r	

time fwrite string s defval v1 i j udft lats xy2w v1 v2 xy2gr v1 v2 w2xy v1 v2 w2gr v1 v2 gr2w v1 v2 gr2w v1 v2 gr2xy ppx set imprun script run file-name <pare 4<="" th=""><th>gives info about time settings print name of fwrite ouput file gives the width of string s gives the value of a defined variable v1 at point i,j list the user defined function table state of the GrADS-LATS interface XY coords to world coords XY coords to grid coords world coords to grid coords grid coords to XY coords grid coords to world coords grid coords to XY coords LON/LAT coords to XY coords page coords to XY coords automatically executes script before every display command <b>ams&gt;</b> load and run a GrADS script (with parameters) <b></b></th><th>Default colors, line styles and marker types</th></pare>	gives info about time settings print name of fwrite ouput file gives the width of string s gives the value of a defined variable v1 at point i,j list the user defined function table state of the GrADS-LATS interface XY coords to world coords XY coords to grid coords world coords to grid coords grid coords to XY coords grid coords to world coords grid coords to XY coords LON/LAT coords to XY coords page coords to XY coords automatically executes script before every display command <b>ams&gt;</b> load and run a GrADS script (with parameters) <b></b>	Default colors, line styles and marker types
g-,-	executes a sequence of GrADS commands from file fname. If a clear command is encountered, GrADS waits until enter is pressed before clearing and continuing with command processing	
clear <option> c <option> events graphics hbuff</option></option>	c <option> clear the display; option are: flush event buffer clear graphic, not widgets clear display buffer, when in double buffer mode</option>	
reset <option></option>	initializes GrADS to its initial state with following exceptions: 1) No files are closed. 2) No defined objects are released. 3) The 'set display' settings are not modified. Options are:	
Dimension envi	ronments	Graphics options
Page control		
Graphic types		

set grid on   off   <style></style>
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## Axis labeling/Annotation/labeling

set xaxis start end <incr></incr>	specifies the axis is to be labeled
set yaxis start end <incr></incr>	specifies the axis is to be labeled
set xlevs lab1 lab2	specifies the label levels to plot for the X axis
set ylevs lab1 lab2	specifies the label levels to plot for the Y axis
set xlint interval	specifies the label interval of the X axis
set ylint interval	specifies the label interval of the Y axis
set xyrev on	reverses the axes on a plot
set xflip on	flips the order of the horizontal axis
set yflip on	flips the order of the vertical axis
set xlab on   off   auto   string	controls and/or draws X axis label
set ylab on   off   auto   string	controls and/or draws Y axis label
set xlabs lab1   lab2	abel the x axis with lab1, lab2, lab3,
set ylabs lab1   lab2	label the y axis with lab1, lab2, lab3,
draw xlab string	draw x axis label
draw ylab string	draw y axis label
set xlopts col <thick <size="">&gt;</thick>	controls X axis
set ylopts col <thick <size="">&gt;</thick>	controls Y axis
set xlpos offset side	controls position of x axis labels. Where offset - in inches; side - b or t (bottom or top)
set ylpos offset side	controls position of y axis labels. Where offset - in inches; side - r or l (right or left)
set zlog on   off   swap   unde	fine
	sets log scaling of the Z axis
set annot col <thick></thick>	sets color and line thickness for the above 3 draw commands
set vrange vlo vhi	Set range for plotting 1-D or scatter plots; range of the varia- ble values for y-axis scaling
set vrange2 vlo vhi	Set range for plotting 1-D or scatter plots; range of the variable values for x-axis scaling
set missconn on   off	lines will be connected across missing data
draw title string	draw title at top of graph

# Map projections/drawing

set mproj proj	sets current map projection. Keywords are:
latlon	Lat/lon projection with aspect ratio maintained. Default.
scaled	latlon projection where aspect ratio is not maintained. The plot fills the plotting area.
nps	north polar stereographic
sps	south polar stereographic
robinson	Robinson projection
orthogr	Orthographic projection
mollweide	Mollweide projection
lambert	Lambert conformal conic projection

same as scaled, but no map is drawn and lables are not interpreted as la lon labels
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#### set mpt type off | <<col> <style> <thick>>

off

	command to control map background behavior. type is the map type; it	
	can be a number from 0 to 255, or it can be an asterick (*) to indicate this	
	command applies to all the type values. The color can be set to -1, which	
	indicates to GrADS to use the set map settings for this map type, rather	
	than the settings specified by the set mpt command.	
set mpvals off   lnmn lnmx ltmn ltmx		
	sets reference longitudes and latitudes for polar stereogr. plots	
set mpdset lowre	s   mres   hires   nmap	
	mres and hires have state and country outlines. nmap covers only North	
	America. Default:lowres.	

	Third Definition fest
set map auto   co	lor <style <thick=""></style>

#### **Graphic primitives**

draw line x1 y1 x2 y2	draws a line from x1, y1 to x2, y2 using current line drawing attributes
draw rec xlo ylo xhi yhi	draws an unfilled rectangle
draw recf xlo ylo xhi yhi	draws a filled rectangle
draw mark marktype x y	/ size
	draws a marker. Marker types (see Default colors and line styles).
draw polyf x1 y1 x2 y2	. xn yn
	draw a filled polyline, where xn=x1 and yn=y1
draw wxsym symbol x y :	size <color <thickness="">&gt;</color>
	Draws the specified wx symbol at the specified location
String primitives	

# set string col <justification> <thick> <rotation> sets string drawing attributes. Justification: 1 - left; c - center; r - right; tl - top left; tc - center top; tr - right top; bl - bottom left; tc - center bottom; tr - right bott. Roation: 90 - counterclockwise, -90 - clockwise.. set strsiz width <height> sets the string character size draw string x y string draws the character string at the x,y position draw title string draw a title 'string' on top of the graph

# Color settings

set rgb num red green blue	defines new colors within GrADS, and assigns them to a new
	color number.color-number num must be a value between 16 and 99 (0 to 15 are predefined)

# Font settings

set font number [0-5]

#### Widgets

set button 1 bcol1 bcol2 bcol3 0 fcol1 fcol2 fcol3 thickness		
	set button colors. 1 - "on" state; 0 - "off" state	
draw button number x y width height string		
	draws a button on position x,y with the attributes	
redraw button number 0   1		
	redraws button number; 1 - "on"; 0 - "off"	
set rband wn mode x1 y1 x2 y2		
	rubber banding. wn = widget #; mode = box or line	
	x1, y1 = lowest point in x/y page units	
	$x^2$ , $y^2$ = highest point in x/y page units	

# draw dropmenu number x y width height text

display a dropmenu similar to 'draw button' command widget number (0 to 64); x and y are the center location for the 'base' of the dropmenu; width and height are the size of the 'base' of the dropmenu.

#### Double buffering

set dbuff on off	sets double buffer mode on or off
swap	swaps buffers, when double buffer mode is on

#### Animation

set looping on off	control animation; set animation on or off
set loopdim x y z t	animate through x,y,z or t; default: t
set loopincr incr	set looping increment

# Hardcopy output

enable print fname	enables the print command to the given file fname
print	copy the contents of current display into a file in a metacode format
disable print	close print output file
outxwd file	output the graphicw window to a file in the X windows dump format
wi file.format	output to a file with format (using ImageMagick), e.g. wi test.gif

#### Create/Write a grid file

set fwrite fname	output grid fname; if not set, fname=grads.fwrite
set gxout fwrite	enables grid file output
disable fwrite	close output grid file

## **Mathematical Functions**

abs(expr)	absolute value of result of expr. Operates on gridded and station data
acos(expr)	applies the cos <sup>-1</sup> function to the result of expr
asin(expr)	applies the sin <sup>-1</sup> function to the result of expr
atan2(expr1,expr2)	applies the tan <sup>-1</sup> function to the result of the two expr, using $\tan \theta = y/x$
cos(expr)	takes the cosine of the expr
exp(expr)	performs the ex operation, where expr is x. gridded and station data
gint(expr)	general integral, same as ave except do not devide by the total area
log(expr)	takes the natural logarithm of expr
log10(expr)	takes the logarithm base 10 of the expr
pow(expr1,expr2)	raises the values of expr1 to the power of expr2
sin(expr)	takes the sine of the provided expr (in radians)
sqrt(expr)	takes the square root of the result of the expr
tan(expr)	takes the trigonometric tangent of the expr

# **Averaging Functions**

ave(expr,dexpr1,dex)	ave(expr,dexpr1,dexpr2<,tinc<,flags>>)	
	generalized averaging function. expr is averaged through the dimen-	
	sion range specified by dim1 and dim2	
aave(expr,xdim1,xdi	aave(expr,xdim1,xdim2,ydim1,ydim2)	
	does area average. xdim1 and xdim2 must be for lon or x, ydim1 and	
	ydim2 must be for lat or y (e.g. aave(t,lon=0,lon=180,lat=0,lat=90))	
mean(expr,dexpr1,dexpr2<,tinc<,flags>>)		
	same as ave, except that area weighting is disabled	
amean(expr,xdim1,x	amean(expr,xdim1,xdim2,ydim1,ydim2)	
	same as aave, except that area weighting is disabled	
vint(psexpr,expr,top)	performs a mass-weighted vertical integral in mb pressure coordi- nates, where: exprexpression for quantity to be integrated psexpr expression yielding the surface pressure, in mb, which will be used to bound the integration on the bottom topconstant, giving the bounding top pressure, in mb. This cannot be provided as an expression	

# **Grid Functions**

const(expr,const<,flag>)	function allows you to set various parts of a grid to a constant
maskout(expr,mask)	whenever the mask values are less than zero, the values in expr
	are set to the missing data value
skip(expr,skipx,skipy)	sets alternating values of the expr to the missing data value. This function is used while displaying wind arrows or barbs to thin the number of arrows or barbs

#### **Filtering Functions**

**smth9(expr)** performs a 9 point smoothing to the gridded result of expr

#### **Finite Difference Functions**

cdiff(expr,dim)	performs a centered difference operation on expr in the direction specified
	by diffi

#### **Meteorological Functions**

tvrh2q(tvexpr,rhexpr)	given virtual temperature and relative humidity, tvrh2q returns specific humidity, q, in g/g
tvrh2t(tvexpr,rhexpr)	given virtual temperature and relative humidity, tvrh2t returns the temperature in degrees Kelvin

# **Special Purpose Functions**

tloop(expr)	when time is varying dimension in the dimension environment, tloop function
	evaluates the expr at fixed times, then constructs the time series to obtain a
	final result that is the time varying

#### **Vector Functions**

hcurl(uexpr,vexpr)	calculates the vertical component of the curl (i.e.vorticity) at each grid pointusing finite differencing on the grids provided
hdivg(expr1,expr2)	calculates the horizontal divergence using the finite differencing
mag(uexpr,vexpr)	performs the calculation: sqrt(uexpr*uexpr+vexpr*vexpr)

#### **Station Data Functions**

gr2stn(grid_expr,stn_expr)	performs an interpolation from grid space back to station loca	
	tions	
oacres(grid_expr,stn_expr<,radii <first guess="">&gt;)</first>		
	a Cressman objective analysis is performed on the station data to yield a gridded result representing the station data	
stnave(expr,dexpr1,dexpr2<,-m cnt>)		
	takes an average of station data over time	
<pre>stnmin(expr,dexpr1,dexpr2&lt;,-m cnt&gt;)</pre>		
	examines a time series of station data and returns the minimun value encountered for each station	
stnmax(expr,dexpr1,dexpr2<,-m cnt>)		
	examines a time series of station data and returns the maxi- mum value encountered for each station	

## Create PostScript files

Program:	gxps [-c] [-r] [-d] [-i mfile] [-o ofile]	
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- -c color on a white background (=old gxpscw)
  - -r color on a black background (=old gxpsc)
- -d add ctrl-d to the end of the file, useful if printing on HP 1200C/PS printer
- -i mfile where mfile is the name of the input GrADS meta file
- -o ofile where ofile is the name of the output PostScript file

# Program: gxeps [-1][-2][-a | -l][-c][-r][-d][-L][-n][-s][-v] [-i mfile] [-o ofile]

- converts the GrADS meta file into a PostScript file. Command line options:
- -1 PostScript Level 1 output
- -2 PostScript Level 2 output -a DIN A4 paper size
- -c color on a white background
- -d add ctrl-d to the end of the file, useful if printing on HP 1200C/PS printer
- -l US letter paper size
- -L ask for a label to be printed on the plot
- -n ask for a note to include in postscript file header
- -r color on a black background -s add a file & time stamp
- -v verbose
- -i mfile where mfile is the name of the input GrADS meta file
- -o ofile where ofile is the name of the output PostScript file

# **Create GIF files**

- Program: gxgif [-i mfile] [-o ofile]
  - converts the GrADS meta file into a GIF file. Command line options:
  - -i mfile where mfile is the name of the input GrADS meta file
  - -o ofile where ofile is the name of the output GIF file

#### Variables

#### complete specification for a variable name

abbrev.file#(dimexpr,dimexpr,...)

abbrev is the abbreviation for the variable as specified in the data descriptor file file# is the file number that contains this variable. The default initially is 1. dimexpr is a dimension expression that locally modifies the current dimension environment.